

# Processes of data collection on HIV, viral hepatitis and STI testing and linkage to care at national level in European countries: a review for the Integrate Joint Action

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#### Why monitor testing?

- •Monitor and evaluate the performance of testing programmes at all levels
- Measure coverage and accessibility of testing programmes
- •To better interpret trends in disease prevalence
- Evaluation of policies and resource allocation

# Why map testing and linkage to care monitoring in Europe now?

- •To understand gaps in monitoring
- •To identify tools, methods and processes which facilitate integration of data into national surveillance systems



#### **Methods**



Desk review of key
European reports from:
HIV in Europe
EuroHIV-EDAT
COBATEST Network
OptTest



The preliminary results from the Dublin Declaration Monitoring 2018





Baseline Survey of all partners (7 CBVCTs, 14 public health institutes, 7 research centres) in 16 European countries

#### Questions on

- -national monitoring of testing
- organisation-specific testing monitoring
- -Linkage to care monitoring
- -Integration of CBVCT service testing data





#### Results: European data sources

- Minimum metrics for HIV testing (Tavoschi & Hale 2016):
  - > number of tests
  - basic demographic data of the tester (e.g. age, sex and population group)
  - ➤ location/setting of the test
  - ➤ number of reactive/positive tests
    - ✓ Recommended for Hepatitis in ECDC Public Health Guidance on testing (2018)
- Definitions
  - ✓ Linkage to care (*Croxford et al 2018*)
    - ■Patient seen for HIV care (first clinic attendance date/CD4 count/viral load measurement/treatment start) after diagnosis.
    - ■Prompt linkage to care: three month cut-off
  - ✓ Late presentation of HIV (Antinori et al. 2011) & hepatitis (Mauss et al 2017)
- •Data from community does not always distinguish between reactive results and diagnosis



#### **Results: European data sources**



Recommended Indicators to Measure Testing by European Initiatives Adapted from HIV in Europe 2017 Report

		OptTEST/HIV in	
What data do they collect?	COBATEST Network	Europe	<b>Testing Week</b>
Disease(s)	HIV/ hepatitis C/ Syphilis	HIV	HIV / hepatitis
Setting	CBVCTs	Healthcare	All
Number of persons attending service	✓	✓	✓
Number of HIV tests performed	✓		
Reasons for HIV testing (e.g. risk behavior/factors)	✓		
Number of clients/patients offered test		✓	✓
Number of clients/patients accepting a test		✓	✓
Number of clients/patients reporting previous HIV test	✓		
Number of clients/patients with reactive screening result	✓	✓	✓
Number of clients/patients with reactive screening result who had a confirmatory test	✓		
Number of clients/patients with a positive confirmatory test result	✓		
Number of clients/patients linked to care	✓	✓	✓



### **Results: European data sources**

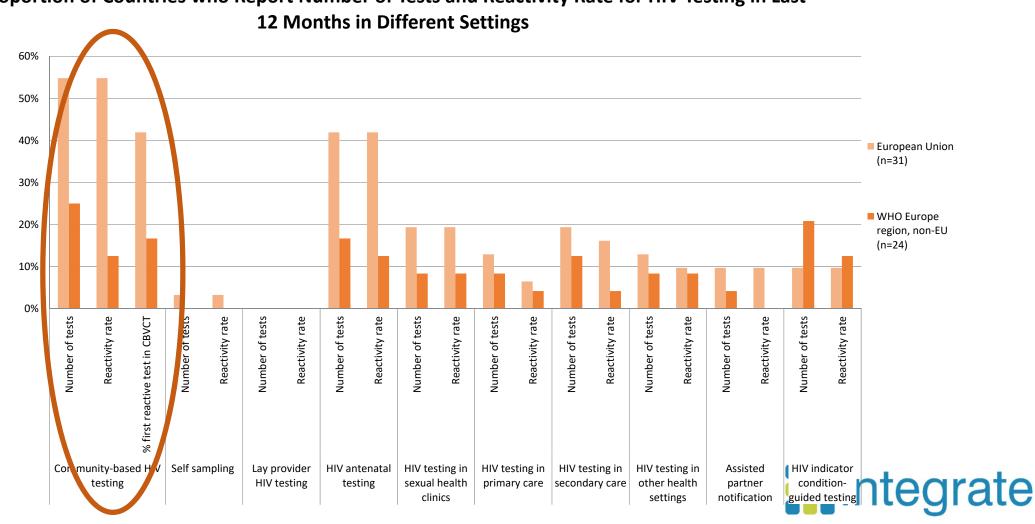


Projects promoting collection of minimum set of testing variables

	Adapted from H	V Bot	th ECDC and WHO				
	ECDC	gui	delines	2010 Guidelines	2015 Consolidated	2010 Monitoring	2011 Guide for M&E
	recommends	rec	ommend collecting	on HIV testing	Guidelines on HIV	the building blocks	of national HIV
	collecting reactive	nur	mber of tests	(ECDC)	<b>Testing Services</b>	of health systems	testing programmes
	results and			(Lebe)	(WHO)	(WHO)	(WHO)
	confirmatory test	e seen a	t service				
	roculto						<b>✓</b>
	% of newly diagnose	ed		✓			
	individuals who are				<b>√</b>		
	successfully						<b>V</b>
transferred to care		oses with AIDS		<b>√</b>			
		6	recently infected		<b>✓</b>		
within three months							
	(overall and by			<b>√</b>		✓	✓
	most-at-risk popula	tions)			<b>√</b>		
	Positivity rate Offer Rate		lo/ C l l				
						✓	
Linkage to care rate enrolled in and receiving care (accessing HIV care or ART)						✓	
(Consolidated strategic info 20				o 2015)		- In	itegrate
							itogiato

# Results: Dublin Declaration Monitoring 2018 Hephly 2019

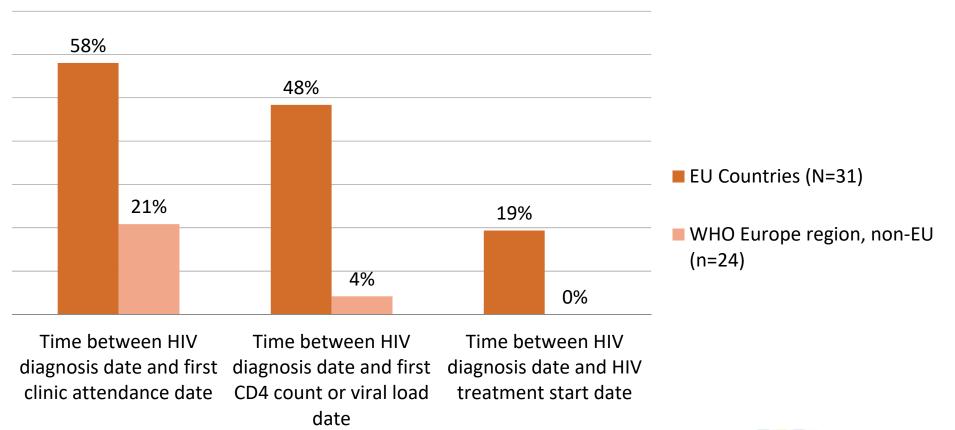
**Proportion of Countries who Report Number of Tests and Reactivity Rate for HIV Testing in Last** 





#### **Results: Dublin Declaration Monitoring 2018**

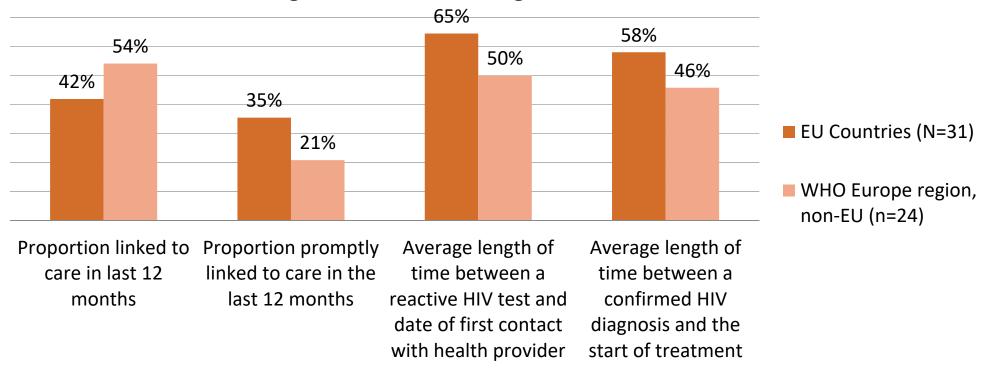
#### **Proportion of Countries Using Each Data to Calculate Linkage to Care**





## **Results: Dublin Declaration Monitoring 2018**

Proportion of Countries Who Report the Following Indicators Related to Linkage to Care for HIV Diagnoses



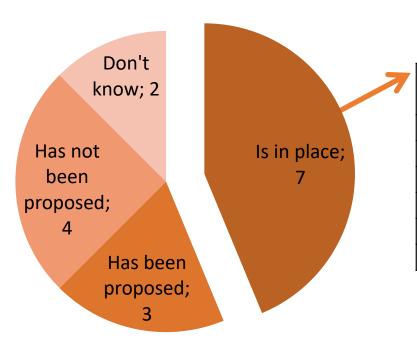


#### **Results: INTEGRATE Partner survey**





Integration of community testing data into the national surveillance system...



	Standardised indicators reported?	CBVCT data included in national or regional annual report	How often do CBVCTs report indicators to the national surveillance system?
Serbia	✓	<b>√</b>	Immediately after testing
Portugal	✓	✓	Monthly
Croatia	✓	✓	Monthly
Lithuania	✓		Monthly
Malta	<b>√</b>		Only reactive results
Spain	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	Annually
Poland			

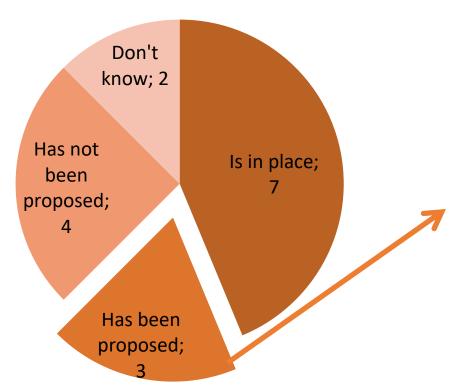


#### **Results: INTEGRATE Partner survey**





Integration of community testing data into the national surveillance system...



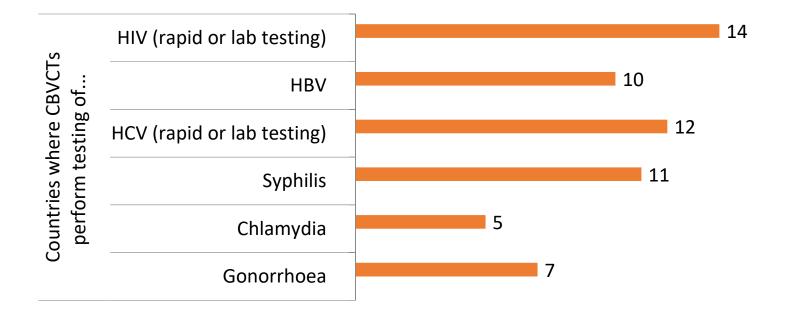
Slovakia - Proposed recently at the IPH
Slovenia — Pilot planned for Integrate
Italy - has been proposed at the level of the
Ministry HIV advisory board and it is foreseen by
the new HIV national plan (PNAIDS) but still
nothing confirmed



#### **Results: INTEGRATE Partner survey**

Testing of different diseases in CBVCTs

Partners in 16 countries responded
Testing performed in CBVCTs in 14 countries





# Lay providers allowed to perform testing in:

Portugal

Spain

Italy

Hungary

Romania

**Poland** 

Slovakia



#### **INTEGRATE** Partner survey

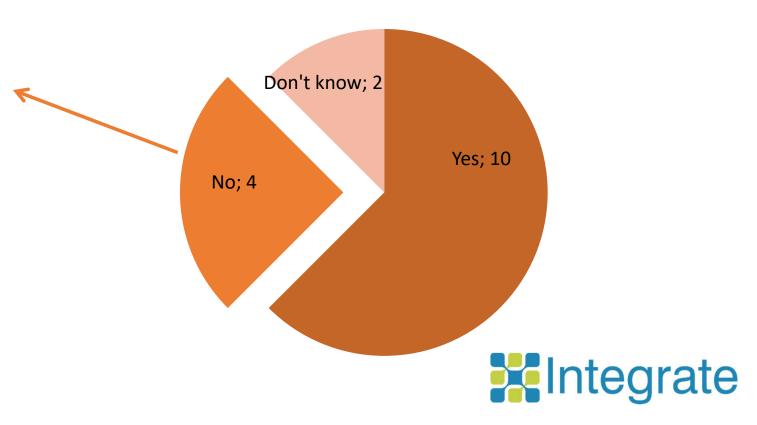
Monitoring linkage to care by CBVCTs



Does collaboration exist between community testing services and treatment services to record linkage to care?

#### Barriers to monitoring linkage to care

- Definition of linkage to care
- Collecting quality data
- •Lack of unique identifiers
- •Relationships between institutions
- Parallel data collection systems
- •IT infrastructure





#### **Conclusions**

- Completeness of testing and linkage to care data vary across Europe
- •HIV testing data more complete than testing data for other diseases
- •Multiple barriers to monitoring linkage to care, particularly in community setting
- •Still work to be done on integration of community-based testing data into national surveillance and M&E systems
- •Initiatives (COBATEST, Testing Week) working to standardise testing monitoring processes and indicators opportunity to integrate existing testing M&E data into national surveillance and M&E systems

